

PUBLICATIONS

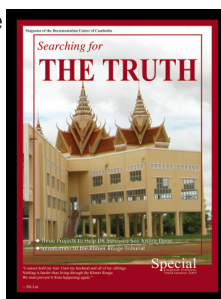
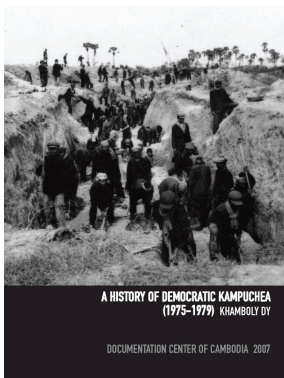
DC-Cam is a leading publisher of books on the Khmer Rouge regime and related issues. The Center has published over 25 books and is currently working on five monographs. Some of its past publications include:

- The Khmer Rouge Division 703: From Victory to Self Destruction
- Seven Candidates for Prosecution: Accountability for the Crimes of the Khmer Rouge
- The Chain of Terror: The Khmer Rouge Southwest Zone Security System
- A History of Democratic Kampuchea (1975-1979)
- Buddhism under Pol Pot
- Reconciliation in Cambodia
- Victims and Perpetrators: The Testimony of Young Khmer Rouge Cadres at S-21
- The Cham Rebellion: Survivors' Stories from the Villages

Searching for the Truth, DC-Cam's magazine published monthly in Khmer and quarterly in English, is distributed free of charge to local commune offices and libraries nationwide.

The Center has also translated prominent books by leading Cambodia scholars into the Khmer language so that Cambodians can have access to Western scholarship.

All of DC-Cam's book and magazine publications, in addition to the Center's annual and quarterly reports, are available for download online.



FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT THE CENTER AT:

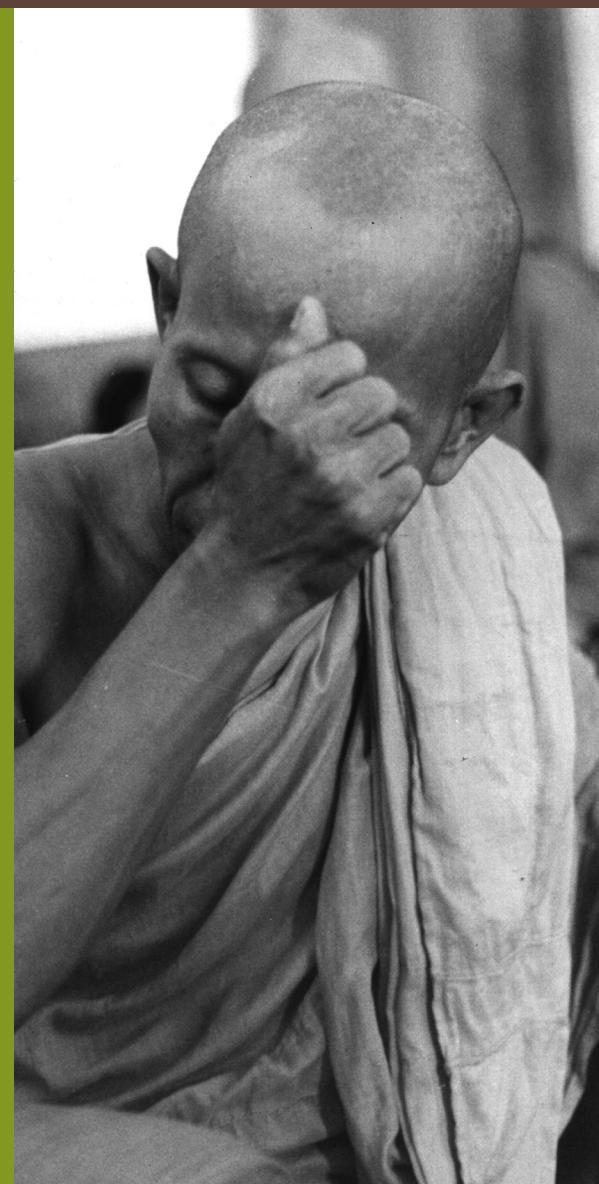
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The Documentation Center of Cambodia is an independent Cambodian research institute dedicated to promoting memory and justice in Cambodia. The Documentation Center of Cambodia shares its documents and analyses with officials, scholars, and the general public in an impartial manner, seeking to contribute to an objective history of the Democratic Kampuchea period and to promote accountability for the abuses of that period. The Documentation Center of Cambodia is not an organ of the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia (ECCC) or any other judicial body.

Visit: www.cambodiatribunal.org

INDEPENDENTLY SEARCHING FOR THE TRUTH SINCE 1997: MEMORY & JUSTICE

Text for the brochure by Dacil Q. Keo · © 2008 DC-Cam
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មជ្ឈមណ្ឌលឯកសារកម្ពុជា
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និងយុត្តិធម៌

DOCUMENTATION CENTER OF CAMBODIA (DC-CAM) ESTABLISHED: 1995



BRIEF HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The Documentation Center of Cambodia (DC-Cam) was created in 1995 as the field office for Yale University's Cambodian Genocide Program (CGP). The Center began collecting and researching all materials related to the Khmer Rouge regime, the political group responsible for Cambodia's four-year genocide. In 1997, the Center became an independent research institute and soon after, the world's largest repository of Khmer Rouge related documents. A great deal of DC-Cam's archives, research analyses, and official publications can be accessed online free of charge.

OBJECTIVES

The two main objectives of DC-Cam are memory and justice. By researching and documenting the atrocities of Democratic Kampuchea, the Center hopes to preserve the memory of the genocide in honor of those who died and for future generations. The enormous amount of data collected and analyzed can also serve as evidentiary material in the prosecution of Khmer Rouge leaders thereby allowing victims a sense of justice.

PROGRAMS & ACTIVITIES

The Center's main work is to collect, document, and catalogue materials related to the Khmer Rouge regime. These materials are inputted and organized into four extensive databases: (1) Bibliographic containing over 30,400 biographies, (2) Biographic containing over 2,900 documents, (3) Photographic containing over 5,100 documents, and (4) Geographic containing maps of over 19,000 mass graves and 189 prisons. In addition, DC-Cam carries out a number of projects emphasizing research, outreach, and education.

AFFINITY GROUP: Supported by the International Center for Transitional Justice (ICTJ), documentation centers located in Cambodia, Guatemala, Burma (headquartered in Thailand), Iraq, Afghanistan, and South Africa meet and share information and techniques regarding the documentation and research of serious human rights abuses.

CHAM MUSLIM ORAL HISTORY:

This project seeks to record the experiences of Cham Muslims during the Khmer Rouge era and empower Cham Muslim women to speak out about their experiences during the genocide.



FORENSICS: This is a collaborative project between several North American forensic experts and the Center's Mapping Project members on the exhumation of mass graves and memorials.

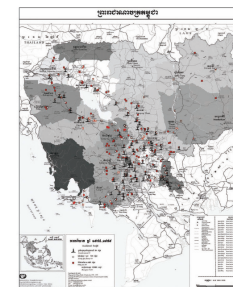
GENOCIDE EDUCATION: Given the lack of formal education Cambodia's youth receive regarding Democratic Kampuchea, this project seeks to promote genocide education across Cambodian schools. The first ever textbook on the era of Democratic Kampuchea (1975-1979) was published in April 2007 and over 3,000 copies have been distributed to schools, libraries, and government ministries.

LEGAL TRAINING/VICTIM PARTICIPATION: In order to facilitate the work of the Khmer Rouge tribunal, the Center has assisted tribunal members with locating and accessing Khmer Rouge related documents. In addition, the Center also educates local Cambodians on how to file complaints for atrocities committed during the Khmer Rouge regime.

LIVING DOCUMENTS: This project provides a role for genocide survivors, considered "living documents," by encouraging them to become involved in tribunal process. So far, over 6,000 people from all across Cambodia have participated in various activities of this project including those which bring them to genocide memorial centers and the tribunal courtroom.



MAPPING: This is a ten year project focused on mapping the mass graves, former Democratic Kampuchea prisons, and genocide memorial sites in Cambodia using traditional techniques along with global positioning devices. Over 19,700 mass graves, 196 prisons, and 81 memorials have been located and published in a 297 page report.



PROMOTING ACCOUNTABILITY: In order to fully comprehend the political hierarchy and governance structure of the Khmer Rouge regime, DC-Cam has spent several years interviewing thousands of former Khmer Rouge cadres and their family members. These interviews and subsequent analysis by DC-Cam staff provides invaluable insight into the inner workings and local-central dynamics of Democratic Kampuchea.

PUBLIC INFORMATION ROOM: This public space allows researchers, students, and members of the general public to access DC-Cam archives, watch documentary films, request family tracing, and read books and magazines on the Khmer Rouge regime.

RADIO: In the Center's Radio Room, recordings are made of staff and volunteers reading articles from the Center's magazine, Searching for the Truth, and excerpts from books such as The Diary of Ann Frank (translated Khmer version). These recordings are broadcasted on the station, Women's Media Center FM 102.

STUDENT OUTREACH: The project aims to promote youth volunteerism, educate the youth about the Khmer Rouge period, and facilitate conversation between the survivor generation and its children about the genocide. The main activity of this program is the selection of approximately 200 university students every summer for the task of interviewing villagers about their experiences under the Khmer Rouge and updating them on the ongoing tribunal.

VICTIMS OF TORTURE: With fewer than 30 psychologists in a nation where the entire population experienced significant trauma, the VOT project seeks to address the mental health problems of survivors. Working with the Transcultural Psychosocial Organization (TPO), the project has been able to identify hundreds of people suffering from PTSD and other mental illnesses and offer them treatment through government and TPO clinicians.